

SpecTraj - Manual

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1 Theory

SpecTraj calculates a power spectrum ($D(\nu)$) at the frequency ν) from the nuclear velocities according to:

$$D(\nu) = 2\beta \sum_{j=1}^{N_A} m_j \int dt \langle \mathbf{v}_j(\tau) \mathbf{v}_j(\tau + t) \rangle_\tau \exp\{-i2\pi\nu t\}. \quad (1)$$

β is equal to $1/(k_B T)$ with k_B being the Boltzmann constant and T the absolute temperature. m_j and \mathbf{v}_j denote mass and velocity of the nucleus j , respectively, while N_A is the number of atoms.

2 Usage

Please use SpecTraj as follows:

```
python SpecTraj.py [options] [velocity-files] > output
```

The velocity files should have the following structure:

time [fs]	$v_x [\sqrt{\frac{2E_H}{u}}]$	$v_y [\sqrt{\frac{2E_H}{u}}]$	$v_z [\sqrt{\frac{2E_H}{u}}]$	mass [u]
:	:	:	:	:

u is the atomic mass unit and E_H is the Hartree energy. For example:

0.1	0.001	-0.100	0.240	12.000
0.2	0.002	-0.105	0.230	12.000
0.3	0.003	-0.109	0.210	12.000
:	:	:	:	:

The following options are supported:

Option	Type	Explanation	Default
<code>-b --start-time</code>	integer	Start taking data from the i th step	0
<code>-e --end-time</code>	integer	Take data until the i th step	10^8
<code>-n --nreps</code>	integer	Number of replicas for the spectrum	1
<code>-b --damping</code>	string	Use exponential damping: <code>true</code> or <code>false</code>	<code>true</code>
<code>-f --damping-factor</code>	double	Exponential factor used in the damping function	1000
<code>-l --lags</code>	integer	Reduce number of lags by i in the autocorrelation function	0

The resulting output has the following structure:

Wavenumber [cm ⁻¹]	$\text{Re}(D/\beta)$	$\text{Im}(D/\beta)$	$\text{Abs}(D/\beta)$	$\text{Re}(D^2/\beta^2)$
:	:	:	:	:

3 Examples

1. Generate a power spectrum of water from the velocity files of its three atoms:

```
python SpecTraj.py -d true -f 1000 -n 1 vel_h1.dat vel_h2.dat vel_o.dat > water.dat
```

2. Generate a power spectrum of water from three individual trajectories (a, b, and c):

```
python SpecTraj.py -d true -f 1000 -n 3 vel_h1_a.dat vel_h2_a.dat vel_o_a.dat  
vel_h1_b.dat vel_h2_b.dat vel_o_b.dat vel_h1_c.dat vel_h2_c.dat vel_o_c.dat > water.dat
```

3. Get atomic power spectra of water:

```
python SpecTraj.py -d true -f 1000 -n 1 vel_h1.dat > spec_h1.dat
```

```
python SpecTraj.py -d true -f 1000 -n 1 vel_h2.dat > spec_h2.dat
```

```
python SpecTraj.py -d true -f 1000 -n 1 vel_o.dat > spec_o.dat
```